

The Lost Art of Capital Management

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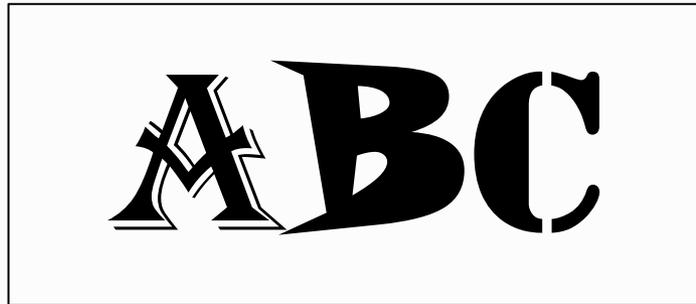
11 November 2015

Agenda

- Introduction to **capital**
- Uses of **capital**
- Evolution of **capital**
- Practical **capital**
- Questions?



INTRODUCTION TO CAPITAL



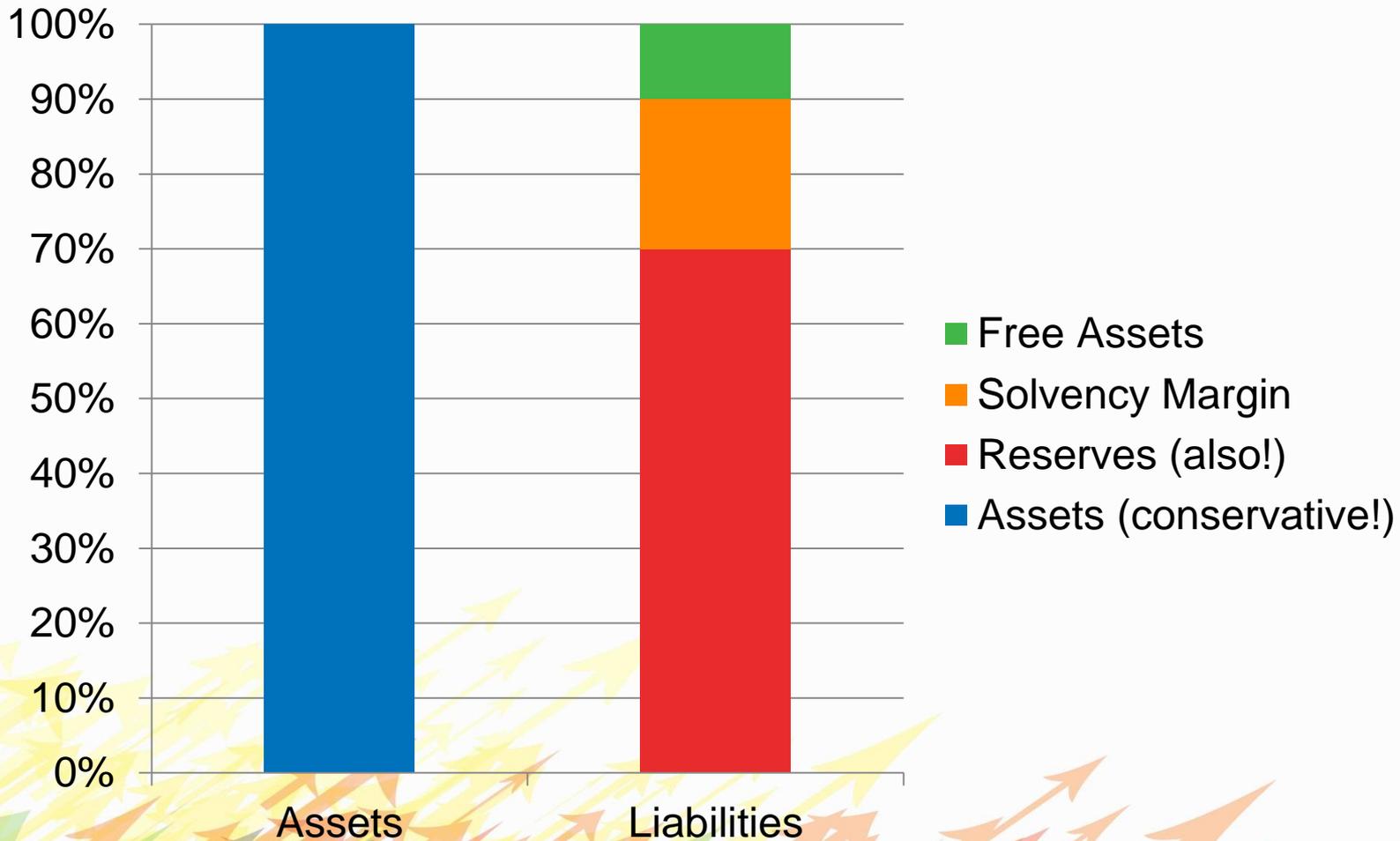
Principles, not Places

- Each country has a different regulatory environment, different accounting, different products & prices
- Generic frameworks are discussed – they might not apply in every country
- And we're starting from the beginning ...

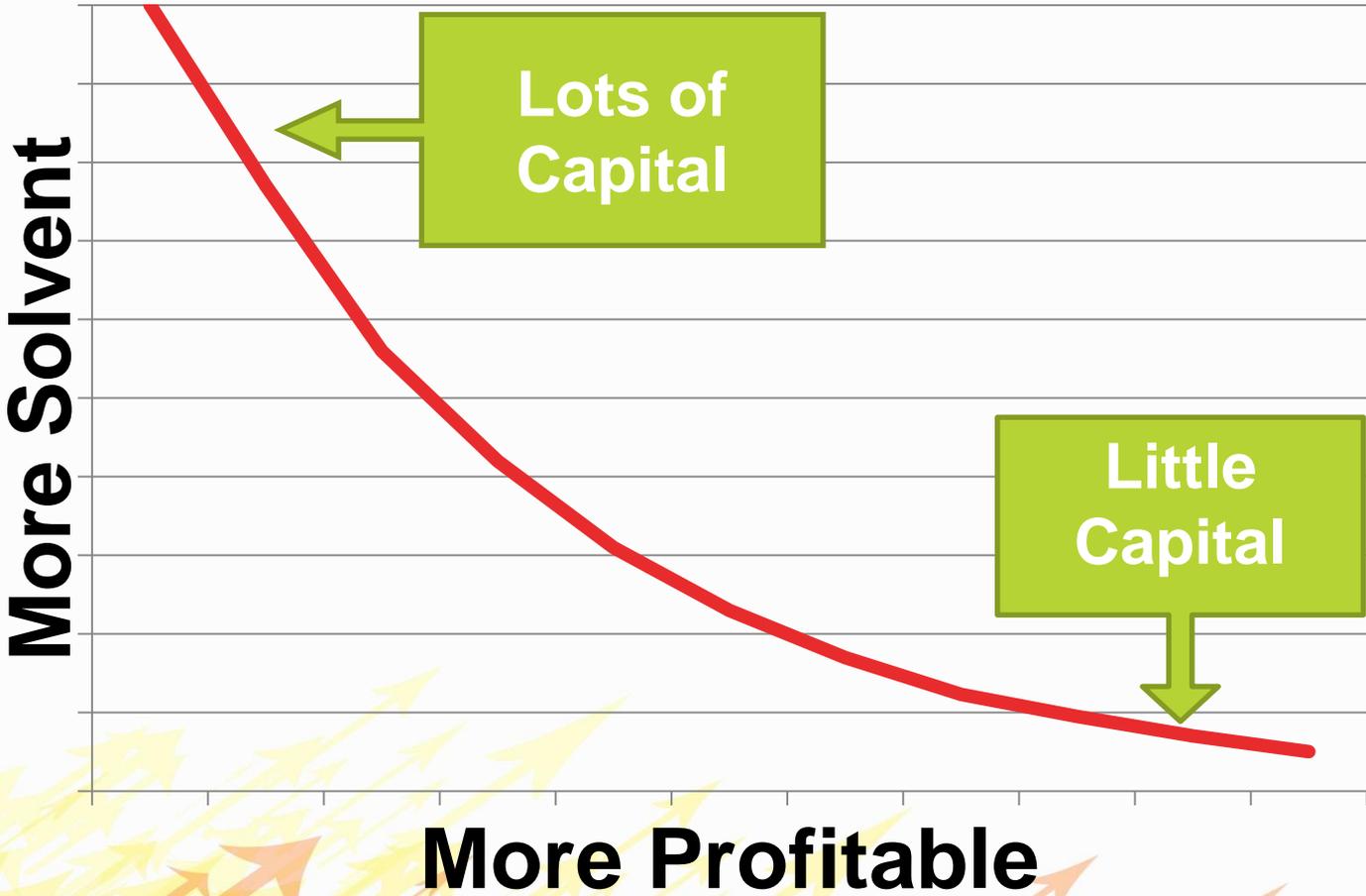
In Theory

- In theory, insurance is a simple business
 - we charge premiums & pay claims
 - we build up assets against our liabilities
- But there is uncertainty in every component
- Actuaries ‘make financial sense of the future’
- Capital is key to how we deal with uncertainty

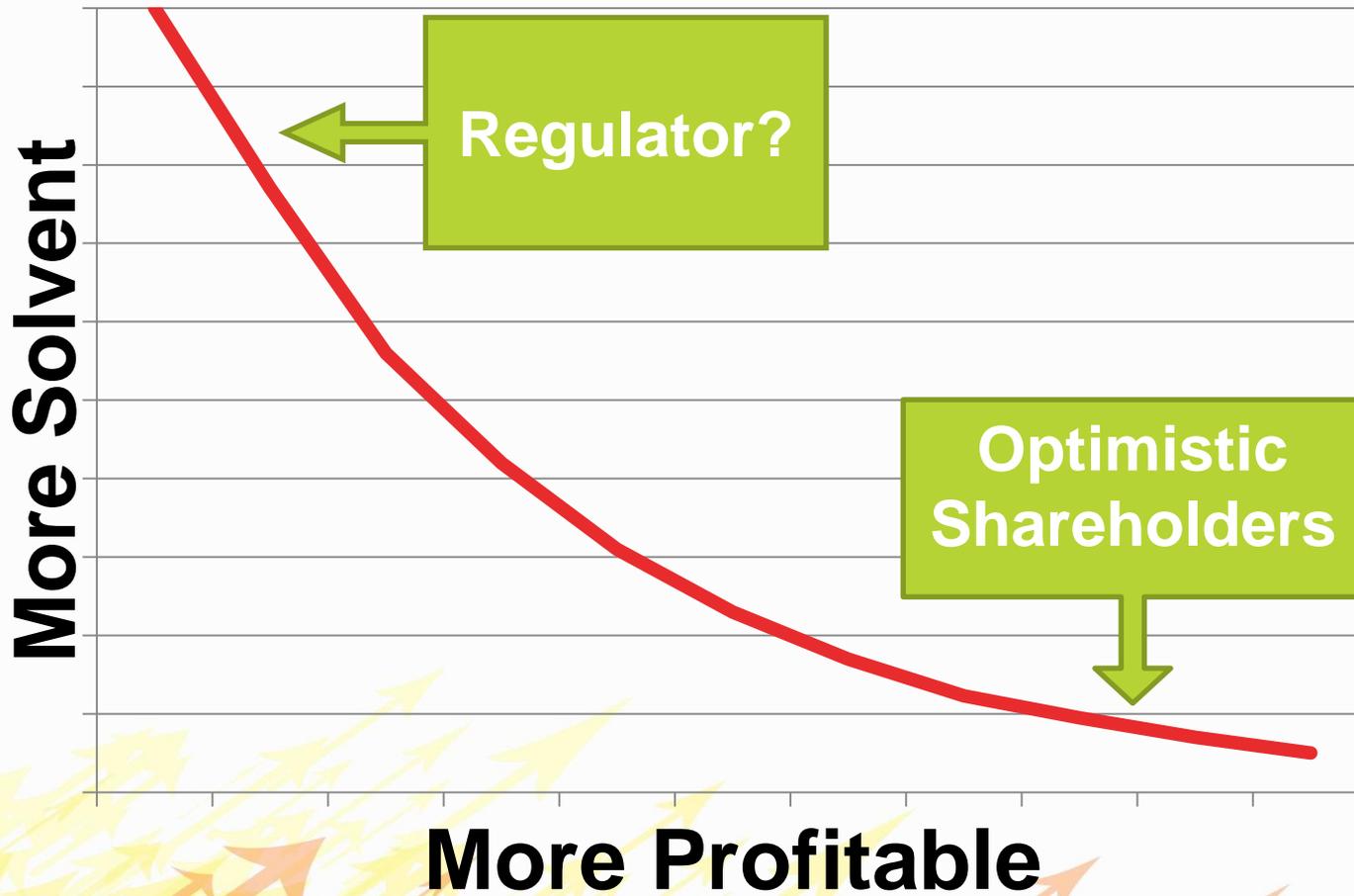
Balance Sheets 101



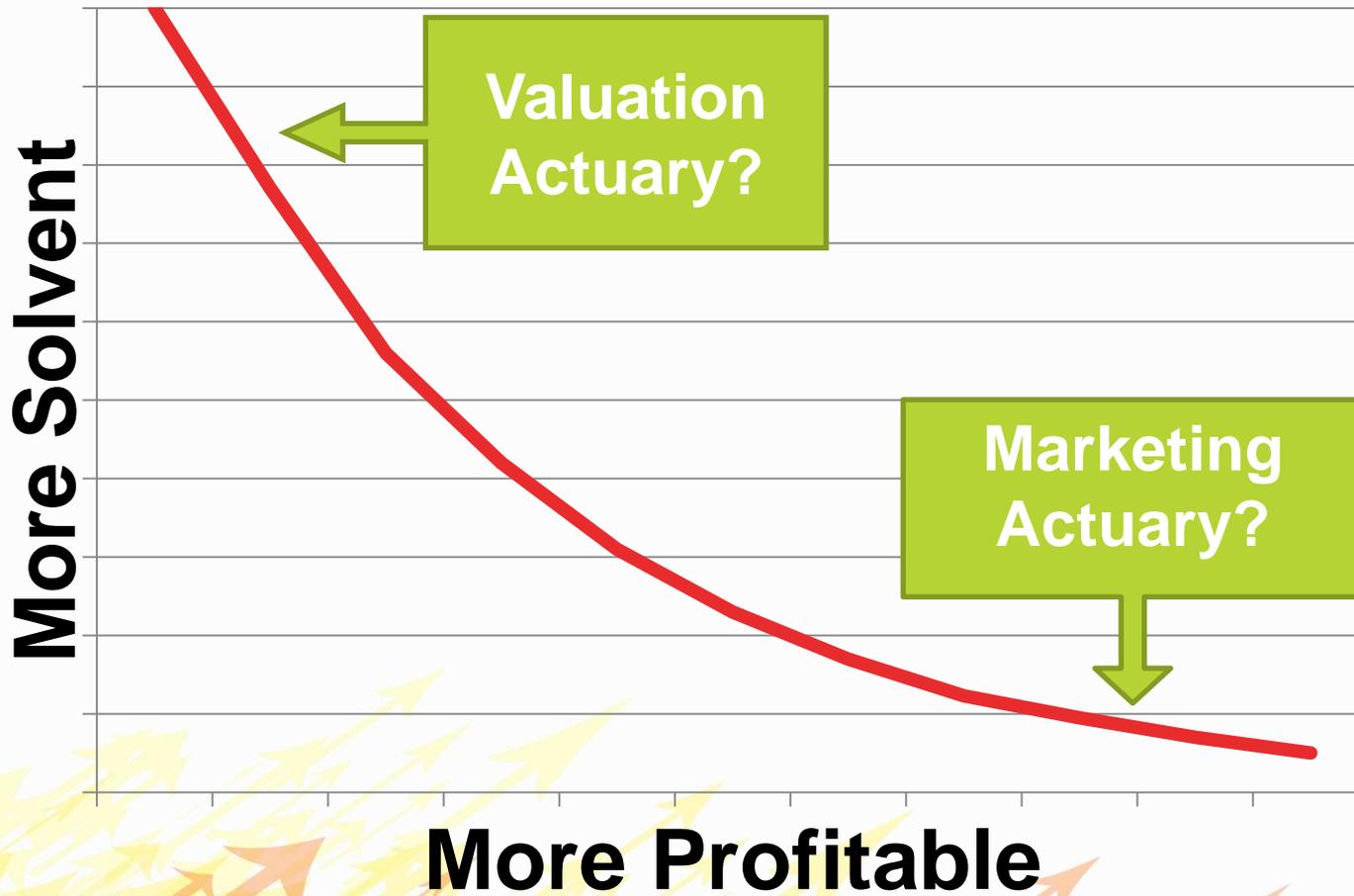
The Good & The Bad



Says Who? (external)



Says Who? (internal)



The Lost Art

- For many years during so-called ‘Solvency I’
 - capital was conservatively measured
 - insurers had lots of capital
- There was perhaps no need to refine
- Actuaries now have better motive & methods

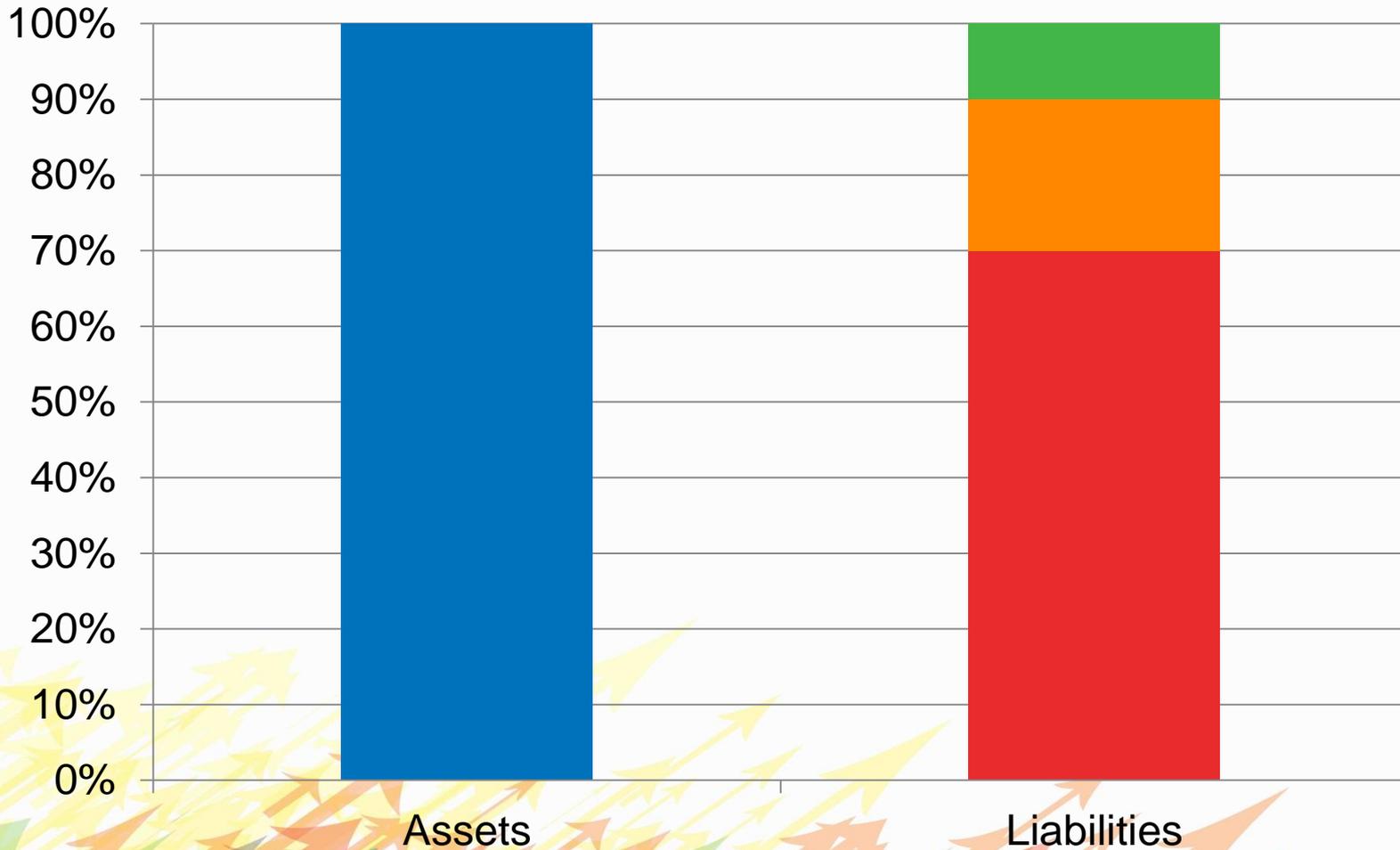


USES OF CAPITAL

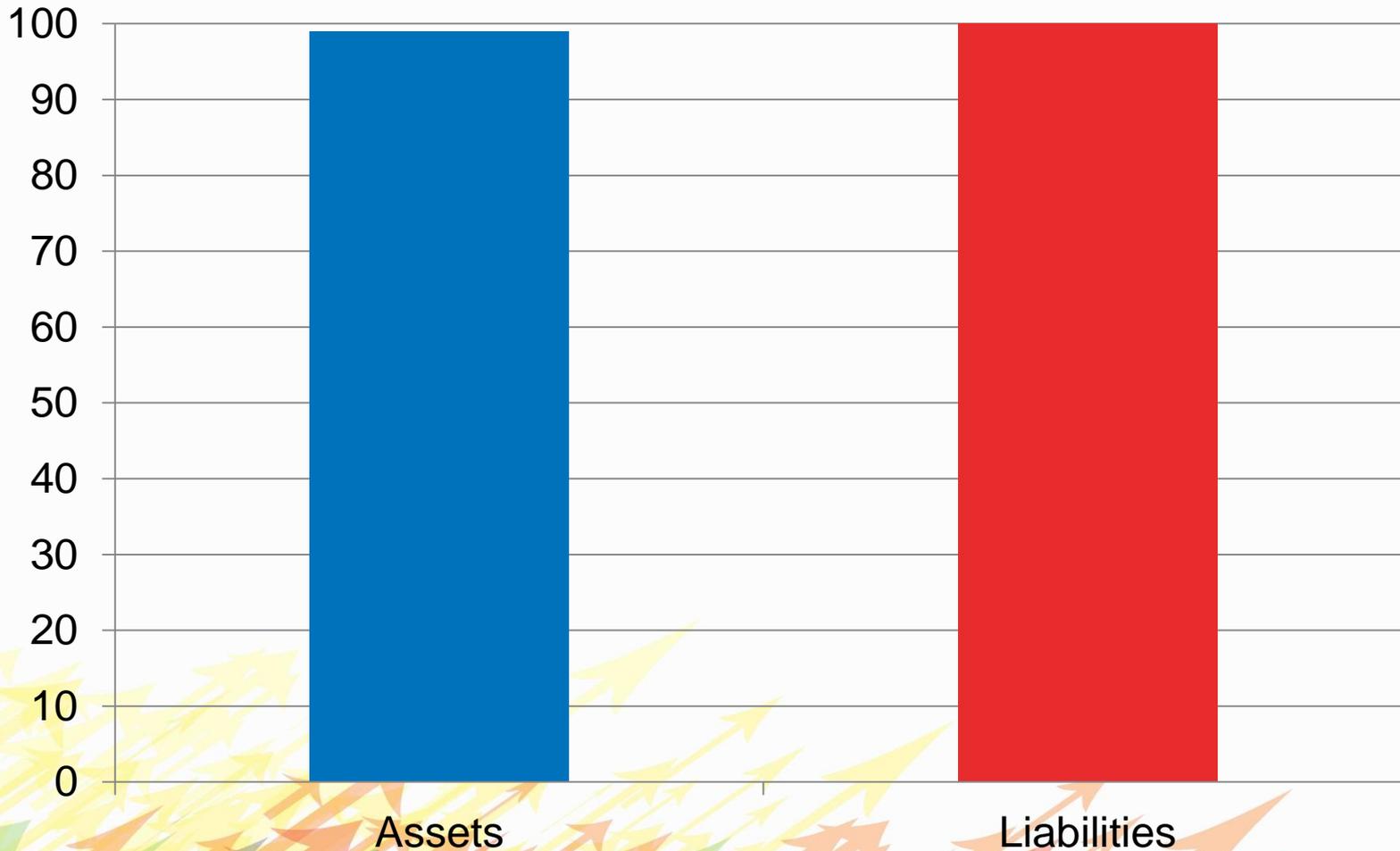


<http://www.pepperitmarketing.com/twitter/a-tool-to-help-you-monitor-your-social-media-buzz>

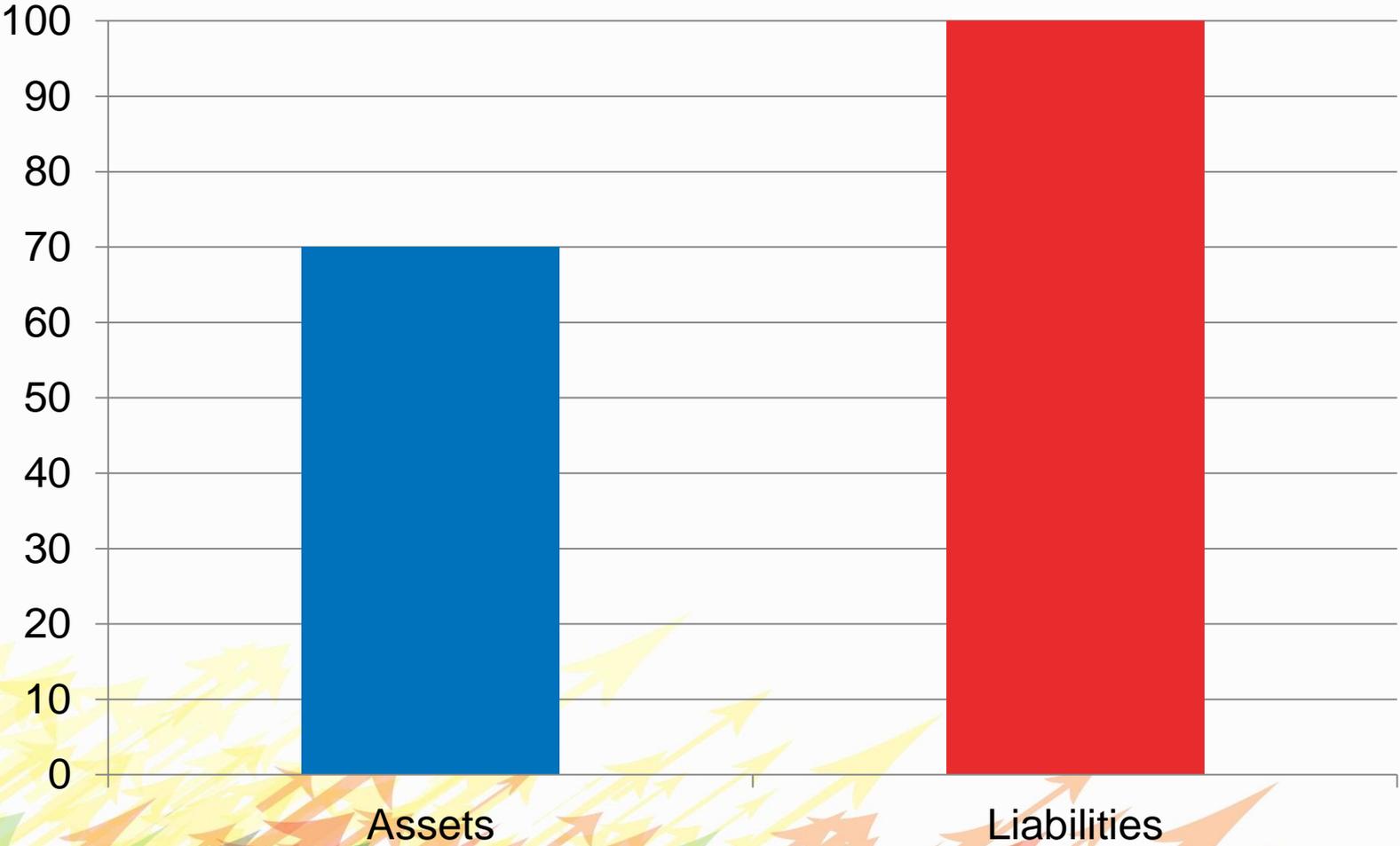
Balance Sheets 101 (again)



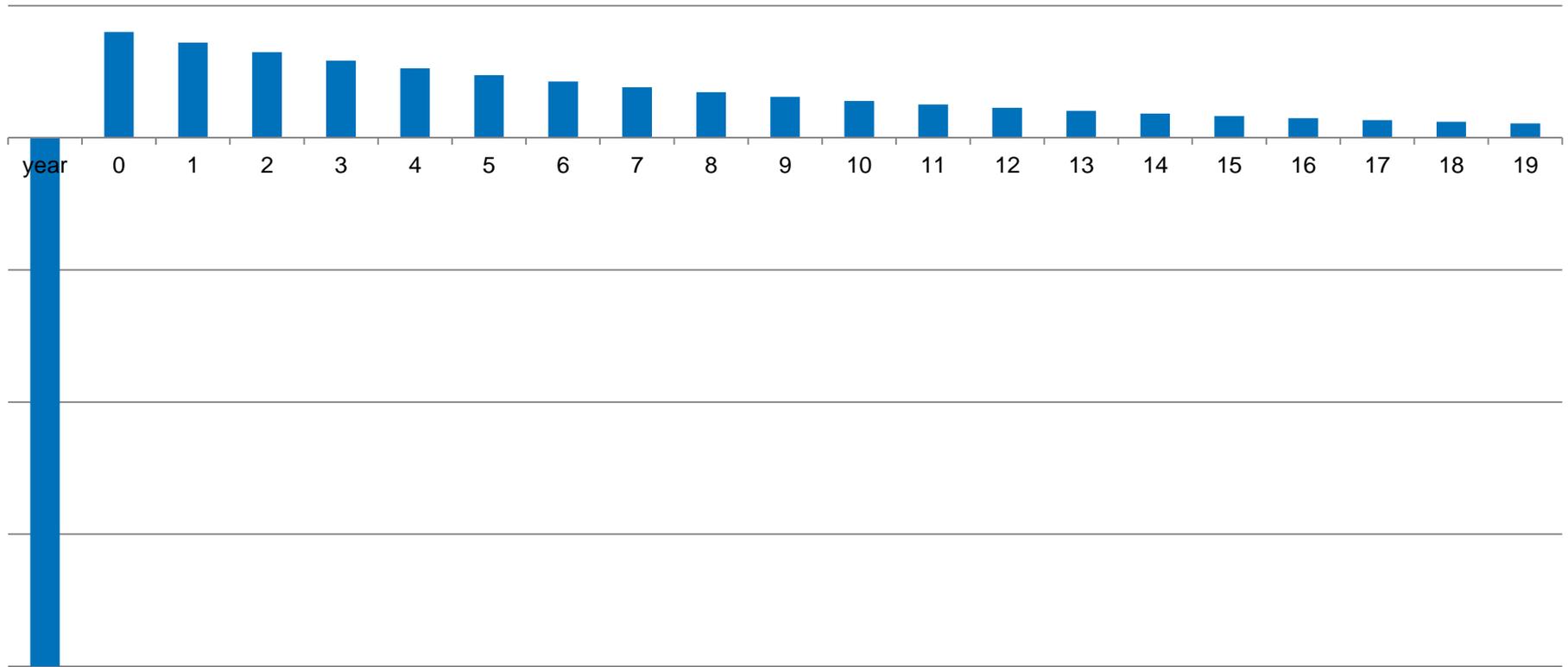
Spilling a Bottle of Milk



A Really Bad Year



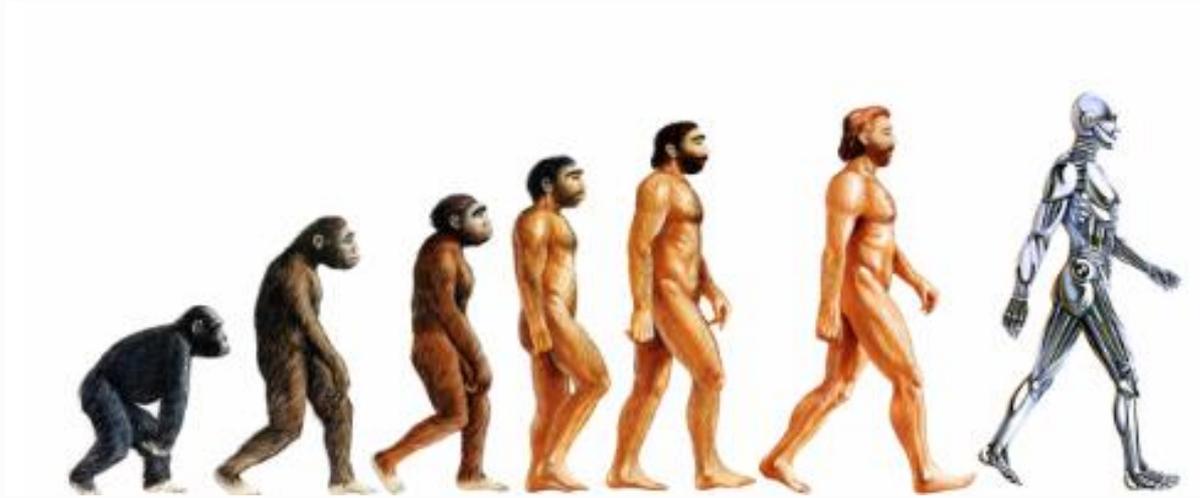
New business strain



A Source of Competition



EVOLUTION OF CAPITAL



From the Willis Resilience Magazine

Solvency Margin formula

- In a simple Solvency I world, the formula might look like:

$$\text{SMSM (statutory minimum solvency margin)} \\ = 4\% \text{ reserves} + 0.3\% \text{ sum-at-risk}$$

- This is not really “risk based”

A more complex arrangement (Taiwan)

For non-life insurance enterprises, the scope of such risks include the following:

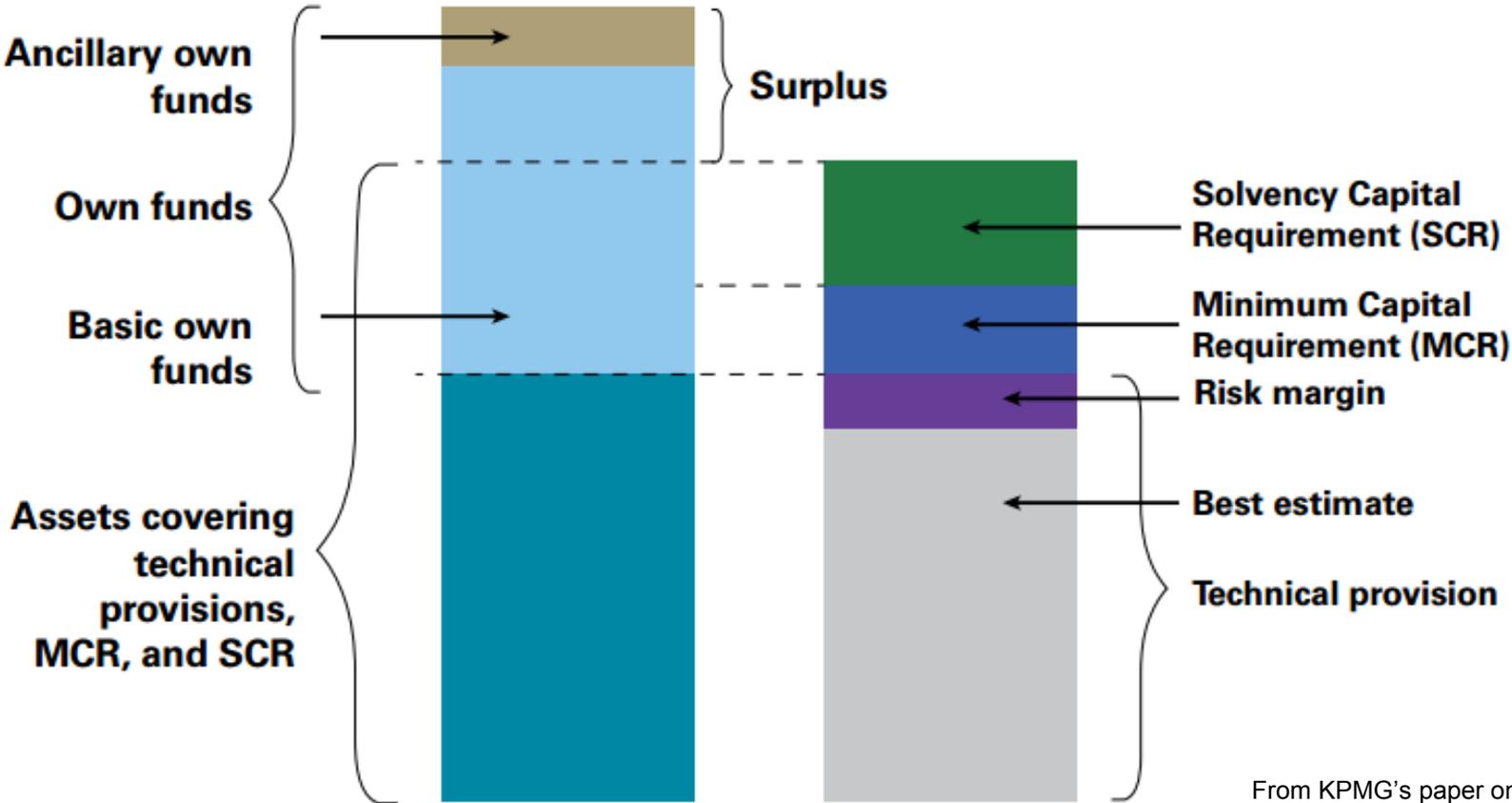
- R_0 – Related party asset risks;
- R_{10} - Non-related party asset risk non-equity type
- R_{15} - Non-related party asset risk equity type
- R_2 - Credit risks;
- R_3 - Underwriting risks;
- R_4 - Asset-liability matching risks; and
- R_5 - Other risks

From
KPMG's
presentation
on RBC

Total RBC calculated as follows:

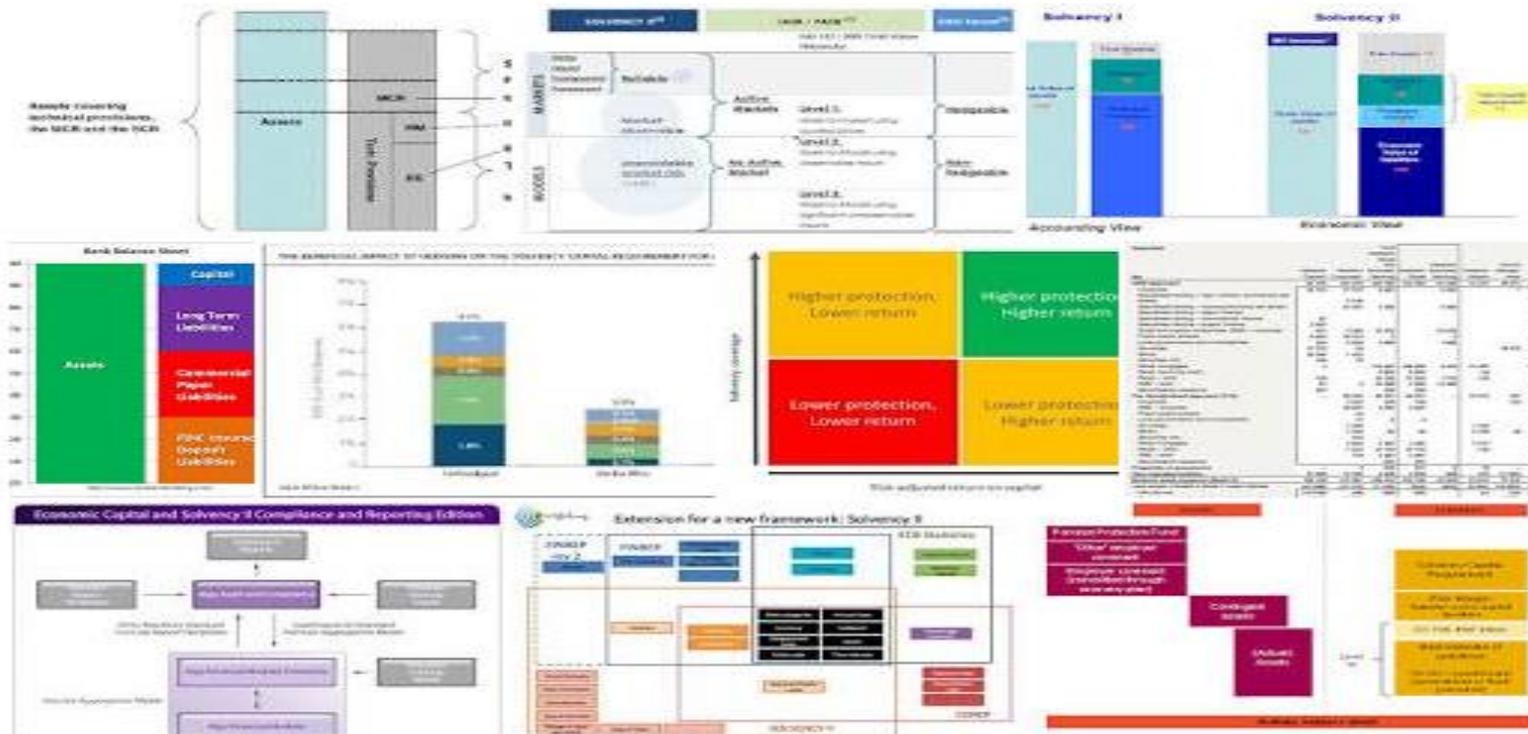
$$\{R_0 + R_5 + \sqrt{(R_{10} + R_4)^2 + R_{15}^2 + R_2^2 + R_{3a}^2 + R_{3b}^2}\} \times 0.4$$

The Solvency II balance sheet



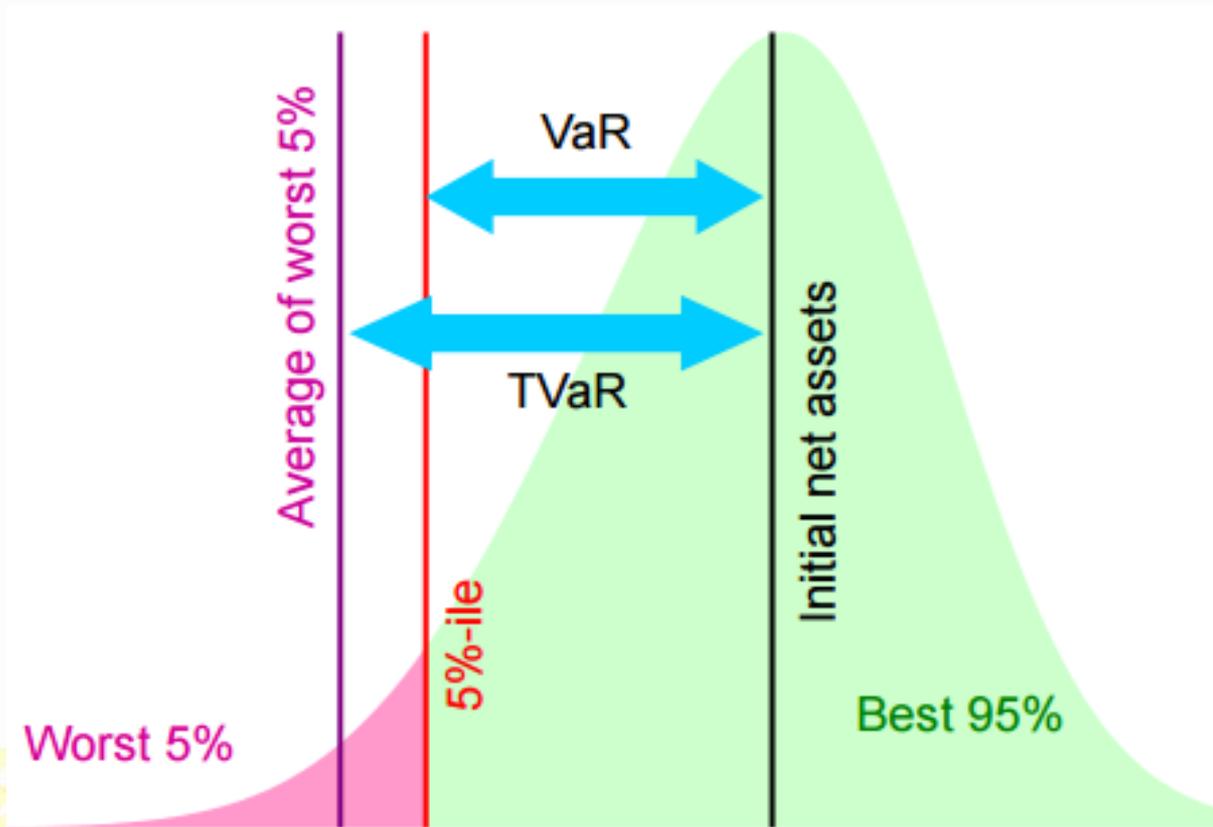
From KPMG's paper on Solvency II

Even 'economic' is subjective



... but at least there is convergence

But ... how much capital?



- 1:200?
- In 1 year?
- Var vs TVar?
- Below zero or below expected?
- AAA? BBB?
- Post-event position?

“VaR vs Tail VaR Mindsets” by Kemp 2009

PRACTICAL CAPITAL



Costing with Capital

Best Estimate Risk Premium

$\times (1 + \text{margin for uncertainty})$

VS

Best Estimate Risk Premium + Cost of Capital

where Capital is what is held because of the uncertainty

Reinsurance vs CoC

- Consider cat covers
- “We are strong enough to not need it”
- Compare ‘cost of reinsurance’ to the ‘cost of capital if you don’t reinsure it’



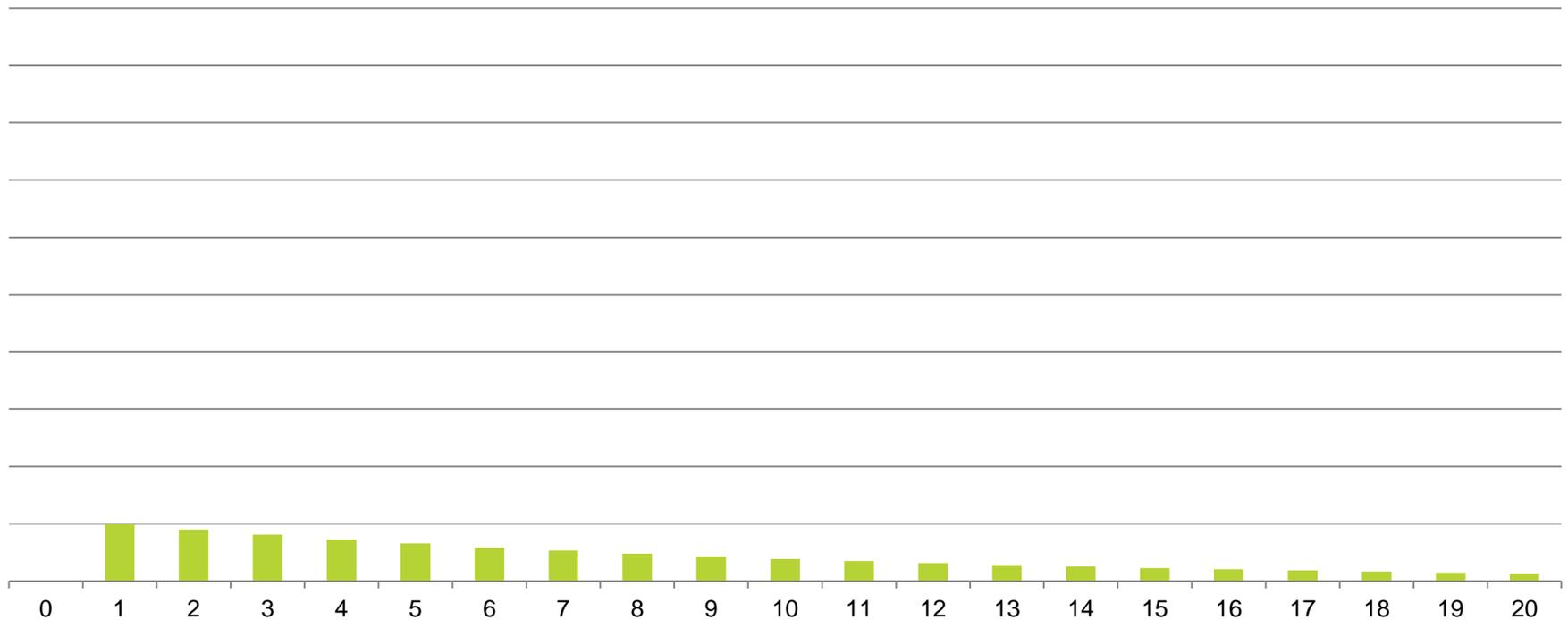
Reinsurance Financing

- Capital can be managed in many ways
- A loan is not capital management
- Fin Re can* increase assets without increasing liabilities

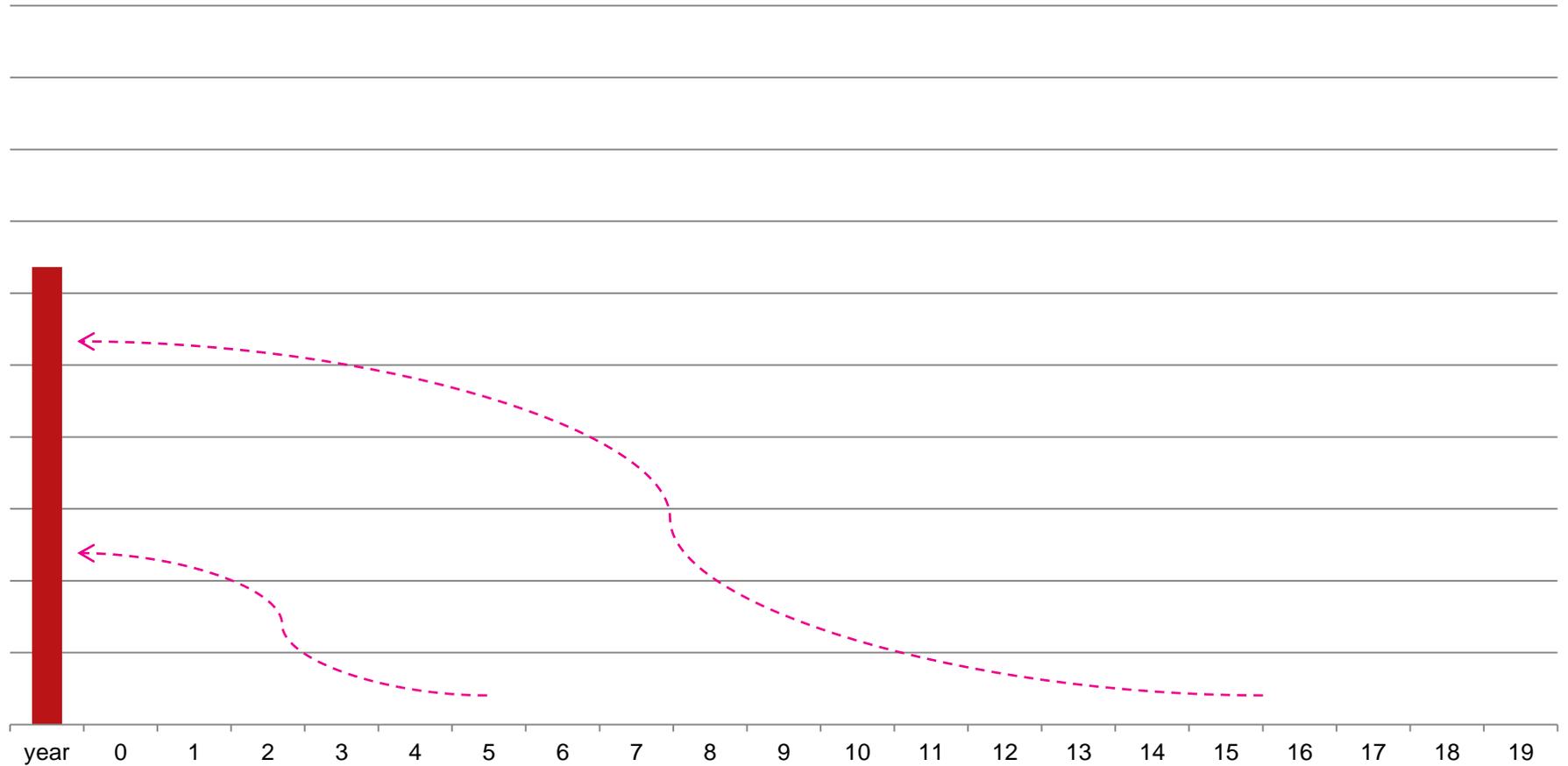
* depending on regulations

'Margin' value

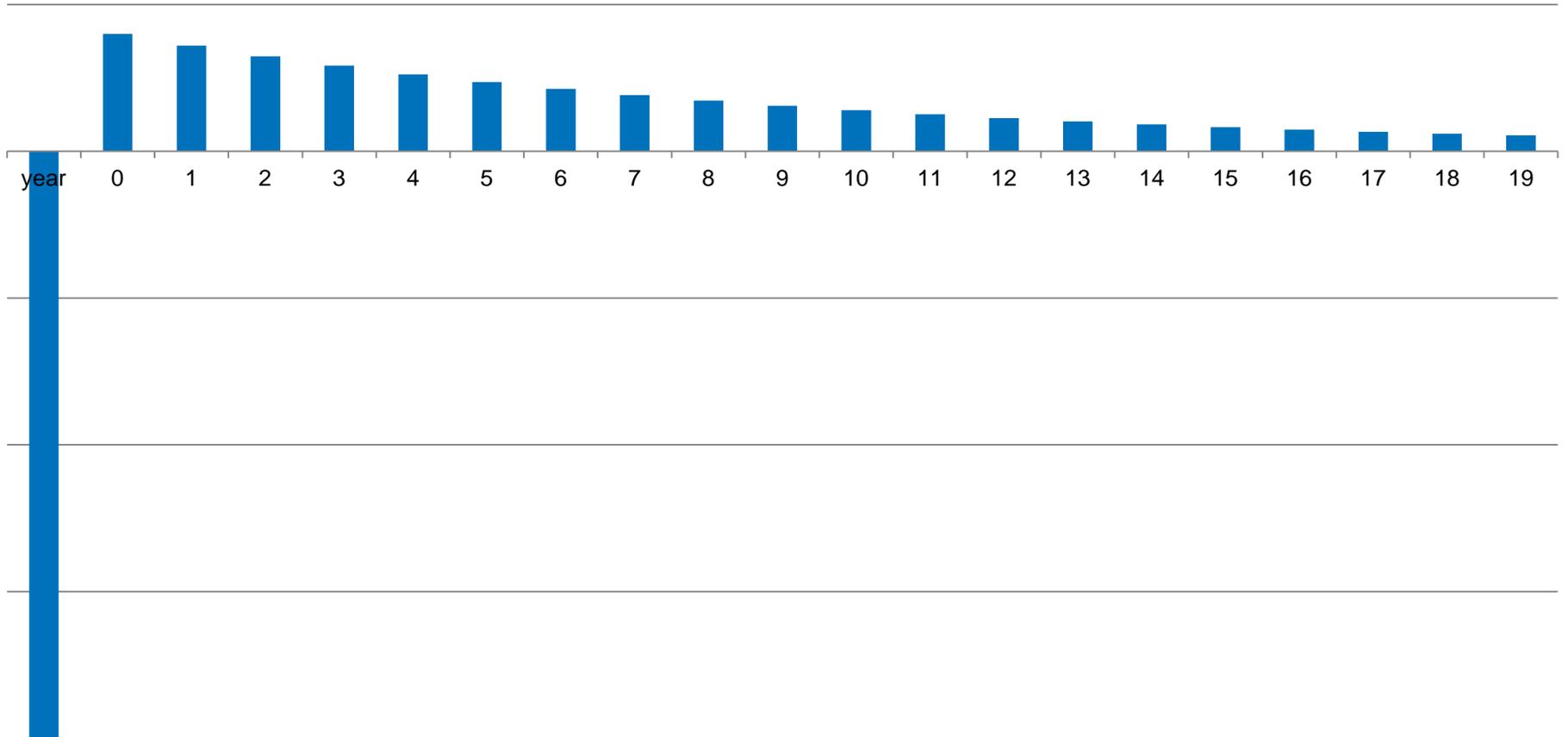
From a 'margins' point of view, a tranche of policies might generate surpluses like this:



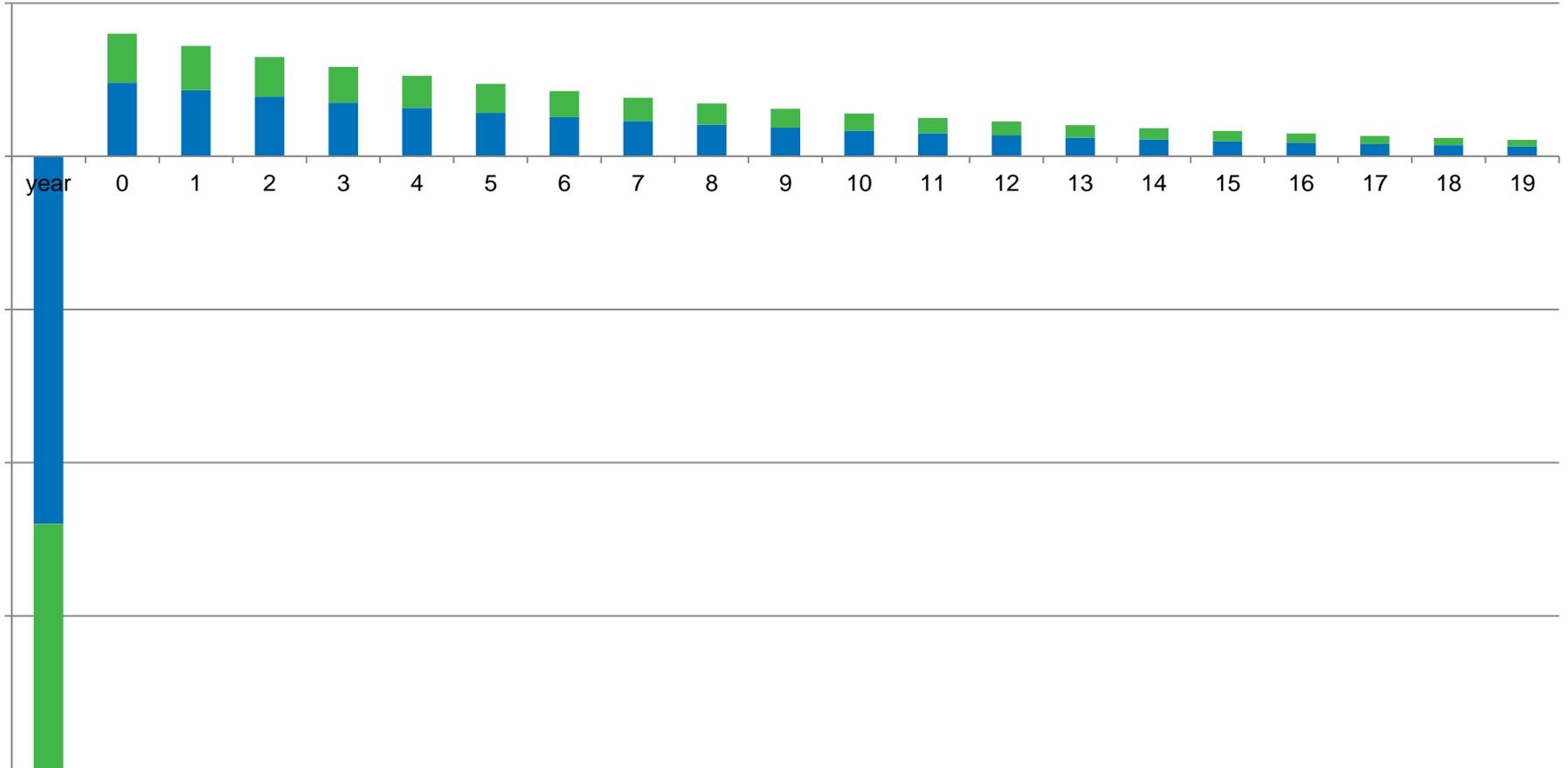
Actual value, as a present value



New business strain: problem ☹️

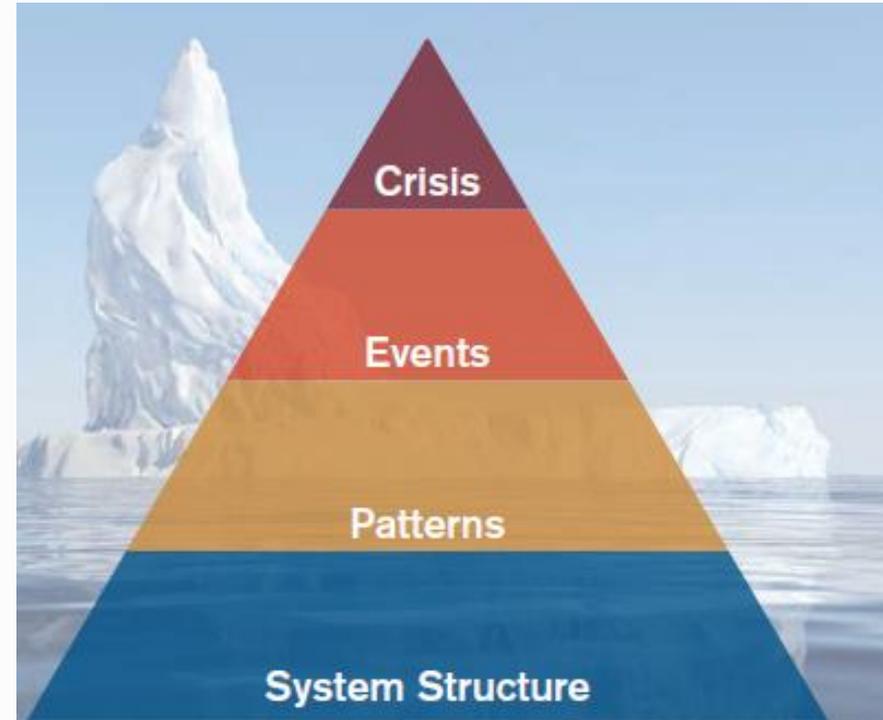


New business strain: solved 😊



Risk Systems

- We solve what we see?
- The 'worst case' is key
- But volatility hurts too



Milliman Asia ERM Newsletter Feb 2014



Conclusion

- Capital is just part of a complete risk framework
 - but it's a part that appears all over
- We need it all:
 - correct definition of risk appetite & capital
 - meaningful calculation of capital & CoC
 - manage your capital
 - reinsurance to optimise risk, volatility & price
- **Questions?**

QUESTIONS

